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Gk siphon tube] : a genus (the type of the family Chamaesiphonaceae) of one-celled blue-green algae characterized by epiphytic habit and formation of endospores that are released by early breakdown of the cell wall at the apex and by successive abstriction

cham-ae-sy-ce \ə-ˈsi(-)j(ə)-, n. cap [NL, fr. L. fr. Gk cham-aisykē, fr. chamai- chamae- + sykē fig tree, fr. sykon fig — more as FIG] in some classifications : a genus of herbs or shrubs (family Euphorbiaceae) now usu. included in the genus *Euphorbia*

cham-ā-fox \ˈkām-ə- f(ə) n [part trans. of NL *Vulpes chama*, fr. *vulpes* + *chama*, modif. of *E caama*] : CAAMA 1

chā-mār \ˈtʃə-mār- n s often cap [Hindi *chāmār*, fr. Skt *carmakāra* leather worker, fr. *carman* skin, leather + *-kāra* work, fr. *krnoti* he does makes; akin to L *corium* leather — more at CURRASS, KARMA, a member of a low Indian caste whose caste occupation is leatherworking

chā-mar \ˈtʃə-mə(r)- n s [Hindi *chāmār*] : fr. Skt *chamara*] : a fan, typically made of a yak's tail or peacock feathers, used in the Indian subcontinent as a mark of royalty or in temples

chamas pl of CHAMA

cham-ber \ˈtʃəmbə(r)- n s [ME *chambre*, fr. OF, fr. LL *camera*, fr. L, arched roof, fr. GK *kamara* vault; akin to *cambrum* curved, AV *kamārā* girdle] 1 : a room usu. in a house and typically with some special feature or distinguishing characteristic : a private room or a room in a house **chiefly Brit** : a suite of rooms : APARTMENT **usu. in pl.** (he lived in ~s) which had once belonged to his deceased parent — Charles Dickens **C South** : a ground-floor sitting room usu. furnished with a bed **D** : *chiefly New Eng* : a storage room on an upper floor of a house or barn **E** : the upper level of the inner stage of an Elizabethan playhouse typically used to represent a room of intimate or domestic character — compare **STUDY** 2 : an enclosed or compartmented space within the body of an animal (for anterior and posterior ~s of the eye) 3 : an often large room (devoted to some special or unusual purpose (the reception hall, a magnificent ~ of two stories high ... executed in a manner that could be called palatial) — Lewis Mumford) : a hall for the meetings of a deliberative, legislative, or judicial body or assembly (senate ~) (council ~) 4 : a chamberlain's office : a treasury or room where government money is received and kept **C** : a room to which a judge retires for consultation (as with opposing counsel) or for official proceedings that may be conducted out of court — usu. used in pl. (Judge Winters reentered the courtroom from his ~s — Erle Stanley Gardner) **d** : the reception room of a person of high rank or authority (the king's audience ~) **4 a** : a legislative or judicial body : esp. ~ of the houses of a bicameral legislature **b** : a voluntary body of the council (as for some business purpose) **5 a obs** : a detached building containing the charge inserted at the breech of heavy firearms **b obs** : a short cannon that stood on its breech and that was used for celebrations and in the theater **C** : the part of the bore of a gun that holds the charge — see **CANNON** illustration **D** : the part of a firearm tooled to receive the cartridge : as (1) : any of the barrels containing the cartridge in an old revolver (2) : an enclosure in the cartridge cylinder of a revolver **6** : an enclosed or compartmented space designed for some special purpose (a dyeing ~) (a chamber ~) 7 : a canal lock **8** : **CHAMBER POT** — **chambered adj**

chamber ** \v/ **chambered ; **chambered** ; **chambering** \-b(ə)r(ɪŋ) **chambers** [ME *chambren*, fr. *chambre*, n] 1 : a place in or as if in a chamber ; SHELTER, HOUSE, CONFINED (~ed in a narrow cave) 2 : to furnish with a chamber (~ed corridors) 3 : to serve as a chamber for ; esp. : to accommodate in the chamber of a firearm (a rifle that will ~ short, long, or long-rifle cartridges) 4 : to enlarge the bottom of (a drill or blasting charge) 5 : to be looked for the final shot

chamber ** \adj/ **chambered 1 : conducted with or marked by privacy or secrecy (personal ~ studies) (the king's ~ council) 2 : intended for performance by a few musicians for a small audience : INTIMATE (~ works) (~ opera)

chamber acid *n* [*chamber (process)*] : sulfuric acid made by the chamber process ; esp. : the acid of less than 70 percent strength as it leaves the lead chambers before being concentrated

chamber composer *n* [*chamber (music)*] : a musician attached to a noble household to compose and direct music

chamber crystals *n* [*chamber (process)*] : nitrosylsulfuric acid formed as crystals in the chamber process of making sulfuric acid

chamberdeacon *n* -s [ME *chambredeken*, fr. *chambre* *chambre*, fem. of *chamberier* chamberlain, fr. LL *camerarius*, from *camera* + L *-arius* -er] **obs** : CHAMBERMAID

chamber-er \-ə- n s [ME *chamberlain*, fr. MF *chamberler*] : **archaic** : GALLANT ; LOVER, VALET

chamber filter *n* : a filter press in which the spaces for the filter cake are formed by raised edges on the plates

cham-be-ri \ˈtʃəmbə(r)- n, pl **chamberi** or **chamberis** **usu** ap : TCHAMBULI

cham-ber-ling \ˈtʃəmb(ə)r(ɪŋ) - n s [ME *chambring*, fr. gerund of *chambren*] : WANTONNESS, FORNICATION

chamber kiln *n* : a kiln with chambers heated separately

chamberlain \ˈtʃəmbə(r)lən- n s [ME *chamberleyn*, fr. OF *chambrier*, *chamberlain*, of Gmc origin; akin to OHG *chamling* chamberlain, *chamara* chamber (fr. LL *camera*) + attendant for royalty or nobility 2 : a chief officer in the household of a king or nobleman **b** : one in charge of moneys TREASURER (the town ~) 3 **archaic** : an inn attendant in charge of bedchambers

cham-ber-land filter \ˈtʃəmbə(r)lən(d)-, F shärlˈbärl- n, usu cap C [after Charles-Édouard Chamberland 1908 Fr. chemist, its inventor] : a candle-shaped porcelain filter used chiefly to filter out microorganisms (as from culture media)

chamber-lye *n* [*chamber (pot)*] **now dial** : URINE

chambermaid \ˈtʃəmbə(r)- n s [ME *chambr* + *maid*] 1 : a maid who makes beds and does general cleaning of bedrooms and bathrooms in a home, hotel, or institution 2 **obs** : a lady's maid

cham-ber-man \ˈtʃə-mən-, -mæn- n, pl **chambermen** [*chamber (process)* + *man*] : a skilled worker engaged in the making of sulfuric acid by the chamber process

chamber music *n* [trans. of It *musica da camera*] : art music, usu. instrumental, intended for performance in a private room or small audience hall : intimate music as distinguished esp. from operatic and symphonic music

chamber of commerce : an association of businessmen to promote the commercial and industrial interests of a community, state, or nation — compare **BOARD OF TRADE**

chamber of deputies : the lower or popular branch of certain legislatures

chamber of horrors 1 : a hall in which various things of macabre interest (as relics of criminals and instruments of torture) are exhibited ; **also** : a collection of such exhibits or an assemblage of things of macabre interest

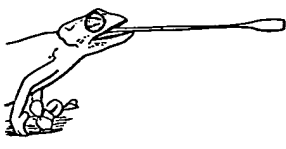
chamber orchestra *n* [*chamber (music)*] : a small orchestra

chamber organ *n* : a small pipe organ

chamber pot *n* : a small vessel for urine or other waste

chamber practice *n* : the practice of urine or other waste

chamberwoman /ˈʃæm.bəˈr.wɪn/ n : CHAMBERMAID
cham-be-ry /ˈʃæm.bəˈr.i/ n : CHAMBER
where it is made : a dry vermouth
chamblent obs var of CAMLET
cham-bray /ˈʃæm.brɪ/ n, brē, shamˈbrā, -aam- /r- s [irreg. fr. *Cambrai*, city of France] : a lightweight clothing fabric of plain weave made of cotton, silk, linen, or synthetic yarns and having a frosted appearance due to the interweaving of colored warp and white filling yarns
chame- /s/ see CHAMAE-
cha-me-leon also ca-me-leon /kəˈmɛl.jən, -lɛən/ sometimes /ˈtʃæm.ˌleɪ.ən/ s often attrib [modif. influenced by L *chamaeleon*] ME *chamelion*, fr. MF *chamelion*, *camelion*, fr. L *chamaeleō*, fr. Gk *chamaileōn*, fr. *chamailēōn*, fr. *chamailēōn* - more at LION
1 : any of a group (Rhoptoglossa) of specialized slow-moving Old World acrocodon lizards that have a laterally compressed body with the skin covered with small granules, a prehensile tail, opposed digits, very large independent movable eyeballs behind eyelids partially fused to leave only a small central opening, and an extremely elastic extensible tongue which can be shot out nearly the length of the animal to take the insects on which it feeds, and that display unusual ability to change the color of the skin in response to both external stimuli and internal factors 2 a : a tickle person; esp : a person given to expedient or facile change in ideas or character (he was a ~ and his rare capacity for recognizing what was required of him . . . was equalled only by his capacity for becoming it — Anthony West) b : something subject to quick or frequent change esp. in appearance (his goodness was ~ — that changed its hue to the hue of the situation in which he found himself — Eggy Bennett) 3 : any of various American lizards capable of changing their color; esp : any of several members of the common genus *Anolis*
cha-me-le-on-ic /kəˈmɛl.i.ˈeɪ.ɪk/ adj : like a chameleon in changeability : assuming varying hues : INCONSTANT
chameleon tree frog n : TREE TOAD
chametz var of HAMETZ
cham-fer /ˈʃæm(p)fə(r), -aam-, -mpe(r)/ n-s [modif. of MF *chamfrein*, alter. of *chamfrein* beveled edge, fr. past part. of *chamfraindre* to bevel, fr. *chant* edge (fr. L *cantus* iron ring more at ~ carriage wheel) & *fraindre* to break, fr. L *frangere* — more at ~ BREAK] 1 : a small groove : FURROW 2 : the surface formed by the sloping away the angle at the intersection of two faces of a piece of timber, stone, or metal : a beveled edge ~ chamfer /v/ vi chamfered; chamfering
-f(r)-ing, -p(r)-r/ chamfers 1 a : to cut a furrow in (as in a column) : GROOVE, CHANNEL, FLUTE b : to cut off corners or edges (as of timber columns and beams) 2 : to make a chamfer on : cut or reduce (as an angle) to a chamfer : BEVEL
chamfer angle n : the angle between a chamfered surface and one of the original surfaces from which the chamfer is cut
chamfer bit n : a bit formed to bevel the edge of a hole
chamfer plane /ˈʃæm(p)fə(r), -mpe(r)- n-s : one that chamfers bottom and used for chamfering the edges of woodwork
chamfron also chafron or chafron /ˈʃæmfrən/ n, OF, irreg. fr. *chafresner* to subdue, make obedient, fr. *chief* head (fr. L *caput*) & *frener* to bridle, fr. L *frénare*, fr. *frenum* bridle — more at HEAD, REFRAIN] : the headpiece of a horse's bridle
cha-mi-cu-ra /ˈʃæm.ɪˈkʊ.rə/ also cha-mi-cu-ro /-rə/, (rə) n, pl *chamicura* or *chamicurus* also *chamicuro* or *chamicurus* cap [Sp *chamicuro*, of AmerInd origin] 1 a : a people of the northern Peru considered by some Americanists to be Panoan b : the manner of such people 2 : the language of the Chamicura people
cha-mi-sal /ˈʃæm.ɪˈsæl/ n-s [AmerSp, fr. *chamiso*] : a California chaparral of chamiso
cha-mi-so /ˈʃæm.ɪˈsə/ n, -s /-sə/ or cha-mi-se /-sɪ/ also cha-mi-sa /-sə/ -s /-sə/ n [AmerSp *chamisa*, *chamist*, alter. of Sp *chamizo* half-burned wood, fr. Pg *chamizo* stick, wood, fr. *chama* small dry pieces of wood — more at CHAMIZA] 1 : a California shrub (*Adenostoma fasciculatum*) that forms a dense chaparral — see CHAMISAL 2 : TOYON 3 Puerto Rico
CHAMISAL 1 a : Southwestern CHAMIZA
CHAMISAL 2 a : Southwestern CHAMIZA
cha-mi-mite /ˈʃæm.ɪˈmaɪt/ n-s [NL *Chama* + E *-ite*] : a fossil shell of the genus *Chama* or of a related genus
cha-mi-za /ˈʃæm.ɪˈzə/ n, -s /-zə/ n [MexSp, fr. Sp, a grass used in a cane, a heather, fr. *chama* flame, fr. L *flamma*; akin to L *lagrare* to burn] : a semidesert evergreen shrub (*Atriplex canescens*) that has greenish gray foliage and is important as a forage plant in the southern U.S. — called also *chamiso*
chamlet obs var of CAMLET
cham-ma /ˈʃæm.mə/ n-s [Amharic *shamma*] : a cotton togalike garment, white garment worn in Ethiopia
cham-med past of CHAM
cham-ming pres part of CHAM
cham-ois /ˈʃæm.ɔɪ/ n, -s /-ɔɪ/ n [Fr, sense 1 also (ˈʃæmˈwa) n, pl -ɔɪ/ or -i/ɔɪ/ (MF, fr. LL *camox*, from non-IE origin; akin to the source of OHG *gamiza* chamois) 1 : a small agile goatlike antelope (*Rupicapra rupicapra*) that lives on the loftiest mountain ridges of Europe and in the Caucasus and is a favorite quarry of hunters 2 also *chamois* or *sham-my* or *sham-my* /ˈʃæm.ɪ/ n, -s /-ɪ/ n : a soft pliant leather prepared from the skin of the chamois b : an oil-tanned suede finished leather prepared from the esher of sheepskins 3 or *shammy* /ˈʃæm.ɪ/ n, -s /-ɪ/ n : a piece of chamois; esp : a cloth used for washing or polishing 4 or *chamois* yellow also *chamois* skin : a grayish yellow that is reddish or brownish and slightly iridescent
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common chameleon 1



chamois

cha-mor-ro \tʃə'mɒ(r)ə/ *n*, *pl* **chamorro** or **chamorros** *usu cap* [Sp. lit., loan with a sharp head, perh. of Iberian origin; akin to Basque *tamar*, *samuru* 'tender'] 1 *a*: a people of the Mariana islands b: a member of such people 2: the language of the Chamorro people
cham-o-site \ʃə'mɑːzɪ/ or **cham-oi-site** \m(w)əːz-/ *n*-s [*F*, fr. *Chamoson*, *Chamolion*, Valais canton, Switzerland, & its locality + *F* -*ite*] *a*: a mineral consisting of a greenish gray or black silicate (sp. gr. 3–3.4) — **cham-o-sit-lie** \tʃə'dɪkəl aj/ *cham-soltte* \ʃə'mɒsɪt-/ *n*-s [prob. fr. *F*, fr. *G* *schamotte*] *usu cap* 2
1 **champ** \tʃæmp/ *v* *trans* **champ**, -aa(ʒ)-, -ai- \vb -ED/-ING-/s [perh. imit.] *v* 1 *a*: to chew or eat with noisy vigor (~ing his food with the gusto of a healthy young animal — *Melville's Mag.*) b: to bite on repeatedly or grind the teeth (*forcefully against* ~ing the stem of his pipe in his teeth — *Marcia Davenport*) c: to open and close with force and noise: GNASH *a* green crab ~ed to open and enormous claws — *I.L. Laddres*) 3: MASH, TRAMPLE (~ing soil and water into mud) ~w *v* 1: to make biting or crushing movements or gestures: BITE (*a* race horse ~ing behind a barrier — *Upton Sinclair*) (*little caterpillars . . . ~ing on leaves* — *Peggy Bennett*) 2: to show restive impatience of delay or restraint (for years industrial psychologists had been ~ing to apply their bitting methods — *W.H. Whyte*) — **champ at the bit** or **champ the bit** *phr* to be impatient: to bite or gnash a bit in unruliness or impatience (the Mustang snorted and *champed the bit* . . . ready to bolt — *Zane Grey*) 2: to be impatient of restraint or inactivity (*Gaul may champ the bit and foam in fetters* — *Lord Byron*)
2 **champ** \tʃæmp/ *n*-s: the act or action of champing
3 **champ** *adj* -ER/-EST [origin unknown] *dial Eng*: FIRM, HARD
4 **champ** \tʃæmp/ *v* *trans* **champ** \tʃæmp/ *v* [by shortening]: CHAMPION
5 **champ** *pa* \tʃæmp/ *n*-s [by shortening]: CHAMPAC
cham-pa \tʃəmp/ *n*, *pl* **champa** or **chompas** *usu cap* 1: a Tibetan people of eastern Kashmir 2: a member of the Champa people
cham-pac also **cham-pak** \tʃəmp.pək/, -əm(-), (p)ək/ or **cham-pa-ca** or **cham-pa-ka** \tʃəmp.-pəke-/ *n*-s [Hindi & Skt.; Hindi *campak*, fr. Skt *cāṃpaka*, of Dravidian origin; akin to Tamil *capakam*, *cenpakami*]: an East Indian tree (*Mitchella cham-paca*) the yellow flowers of which yield an oil used as a perfume
cham-pa-col \tʃəmp.pə.kəl/, -əl/ *n* **cham-pac** + -ol:] GUAIAC
cham-pagne \tʃə'mpæn/, -aəm-/ *n*-s *often attrib* [*F*, fr. *Champagne*, region (formerly province) of northeastern France where it was first produced, fr. LL *campania* level country] 1: a white sparkling wine that undergoes one fermentation in a cask and a second fermentation in a bottle, the latter generating carbon dioxide that makes the wine sparkle 2: a wine of the champagne type broadly: an effervescent white wine 3: a pale orange yellow to light grayish yellowish brown — called also *belleek*
champagne cider *n*: a sparkling cider that is matured in vats and then fermented in bottles to produce effervescence
champagne cocktail *n*: a cocktail consisting of champagne and champagne glass served in a saucer champagne glass
champagne d'arg-ent \diˈɑːŋ.tʃəmp.pən/ *n* *usu cap C&A* [*F*, lit., silver champagne; fr. *F* sh. *pâan*'dārzhah' *n*, *usu cap* hardy productive domestic rabbits having silvery blue fur]
cham-pagn-i-z-a-tion \tʃə'mpæn.pənzə'tʃən/ *n*-s: the process of making a wine sparkling
cham-pagn-ize \tʃə'mpæn.i.z/ *vt* -ED/-ING-/s [*F* *champagner*, fr. *champagne* + *-iser* -ize]: to make (a wine) sparkling by retaining the carbon dioxide generated during fermentation
champagne flou-ry \oʊf.en 'tʃæmp.pən/ *during its flourit*; today prob *us* ('tʃəmp.pən) *n*-s ME *champayne*, fr. MF *champagne*, fr. LL *campania* level country: score at CAMPAIGN] 1 *a*: an expanse of level open country: PRAIRIE (~ around the city) b: level open country (traversing the ~ and avoiding the mountains) 2 *archaic*: an area of army operations: BATTLEGROUND 3 *a*: an open expanse (the ~ of the broad sea) b: an encompassed expanse: FIELD (the ~ of science)
7 **champaign** \tʃæmpajn/ *adj* 1: flat and open like a champaign: constituting a champaign (a ~ region) 12: occurring in a champaign way (~ sports): of a champaign (~ scenery)
cham-per-tor \tʃəmp.pər(t)d-(s)r/ *n*-s [earlier *champtonour*, *champtonour*, fr. MF *championneur*, fr. *champion* + *-eor* -or]: one that engages in champerty
cham-per-tous \tʃəmp.pə-təs/ *adj* [champerty + -ous]: of, relating to, or involving champerty (a ~ contract)
cham-per-ty also **cham-par-ty** \tʃəmp.pə-rti/ *n*-es [ME *champartie*, modif. (prob. influenced by ME partee part) of MF *champiart* field rent, fr. *champ* field (fr. LL *campus*) + *part* portion — *see* CAP, PART] *a*: a proceeding, illegal in many jurisdictions, whereby a person not a party in a suit bargains to aid in the prosecution of the case in return for receiving a share of the matter in suit: maintenance with the addition of an agreement to divide the thing in suit
champest superlative of CHAMP
champion *n* or *adj* [by alter.] *obs*: CHAMPAIGN
cham-pi-on \tʃə'mpijən/, -pē- also *ch*: F.shə'l'pēn'tō/ *n*-s [MF, alter. of *championneul*, fr. *champaigne* level country — *more* at CHAMPAIGN] 1 *obs*: FUNGUS 2: an edible fungus; esp. the common meadow mushroom 3: a fairy ring (*Marasmus oreades*)
champion pres part of CHAMP
cham-pi-on \tʃə'mpijən/, -aim-, -aim-, chiefly *dial* or *substnd* ('tʃəmp.jən) *n*-s [ME *champion*, fr. OF *champion*, fr. ML *campio* -campio, of WGmc origin; akin to OE *cempa* warrior, soldier, OHG *kempho* — *more* at KEMP] 1: WARRIOR, FIGHTER, COMBATANT (~s arming for battle) 2: a militant advocate or defender (a royalist, always a ~ of his king) 3: one that fights, often in single formal combat, for another's rights, honor, or fame (the lady's ~ entered the lists) 4 *a*: one whose superior ability or superiority is formally acknowledged esp. after a test, contest, or series of contests (individual and team ~s at the Olympics) (the conference ~) (the world's chess ~) b: a show animal that has won a certain number of points in open competition (this collie puppy is already a ~) c: a plant or plant part (as a fruit or flower) that has received a first prize in a competitive exhibit (these tomatoes are ~s) d: one showing a marked superiority (a champion long tail tassel) e: a champion oak: RED OAK f: DEFY (~ing one to speak) 2: to fight or fight off (~ing the champion ~ing his lady in the lists) 3: to act as militant supporter of DEFEND, UPHOLD, ADVOCATE (faithful to Jefferson's principles, ~ed states' rights — *Amer. Guide Series*; Va.)
champion \tʃæmpjən/ *adj* 1: acknowledged as supreme over contestants or rivals (the ~ team of the league) (the ~ speller of the class) 2 *a*: FIRST-RATE, SPLENDID (if you'll drop me ~ to the next corner, my lord, that'll do me ~ — *Dorothea L.*) b: FOREMOST, UNSURPASSED (the ~ liar of the club)
champion *var of CHAMPION*
cham-pi-on-less \tʃəmp.jən.ləs/ *adj* *usu without a champion*: without a champion
cham-pi-on-ship \tʃəmp.jən.'ʃip/ *n*-s *often attrib* 1: the position of champion: acknowledged supremacy: *specif*: the title of champion in a competitive sport or game (won four ~s in five years) 2: the act of championing: ADVOCACY, DEFENSE, SUPPORT (his ~ of the new theory) (~ of the small nations against the Big Four — *Vera M. Dean*) 3: a contest (~s between champions) (colleges represented in the NCAA ~s tournament)

cyl-in-dër 'sɪləndə(r) \n -s often attrib (MF or L; MF *cylindre*, fr. *L. cylindrus*, fr. *Gk. kylindros*, fr. *kylindein*, to roll; akin to *OE sceol* wry, squinting, OHG *sceloh*, ON *skjalgr* wry, squinting, L *scelus* crime, wickedness, Gk *skolios* curved, crooked, *skelos* leg, Alb *thshë* lame; basic meaning: turning, bending) 1 *math* *a*: the surface traced by any straight line moving parallel to a fixed straight line and intersecting a fixed curve *b*: the space bounded by any such surface and two parallel planes cutting all the elements — see VOLUME table 2 *a*: a cylindrical body; as *a* (1): the turning chambered breech of a revolver (2): one type of choke boring — see *CHOKES 3 *b* (1): a cylindrical chamber in an engine in which a piston is impelled by the pressure or expansive force of the working fluid (2): the analogous though not cylindrical part in certain abnormal types of engines *c*: a chamber in a pump from which the piston expels the fluid *d*: the rapidly rotating shaft of a fixed stinging machine *e* (1): PLATE CYLINDER (2): IMPRESSION CYLINDER (3): PLANKET CYLINDER *f*: CYLINDER SEAL *g*: a cylindrical clay object inscribed with cuneiform inscriptions *h*: a typewriter platen *i*: a cylindrical record of a phonograph or dictating machine *j*: the portion of a cylinder lock that contains the tumblers and keyhole *k*: a pivoted hollow steel shell upon which the balance of a watch is mounted and which is cut away to permit the passage of the rim of the escape wheel *l*: the square prism carrying the cards to the needles in a jacquard loom
 cylinder block *n*: *BLOCK 1 *j*
 cyl-in-dër-də 'sɪləndəd \adj having a cylinder or cylinders (a *b*-cylindrical engine)
 cylinder front *n*: a desk front having a one-piece lid or cover resembling a longitudinal section of a cylinder
 cylinder glass *n*: glass blown in the shape of a cylinder then split and flattened into a sheet
 cylinder head *n*: the closed end of an engine or pump cylinder
 cylinder lock *n*: a lock with both keyhole and tumbler mechanism in a cylinder separate from the case
 cylinder machine *n*: a paper machine in which the sheet is formed on a wire-covered cylinder revolving in a vat of the stock; *esp* such a machine having several vats and used for making paper in which is built up by combining as many layers as there are vats
 cylinder man *n*: 1 a worker who cures bricks and cinder blocks in steam pressure cylinders to hasten hardening 2: an optical glass worker who grinds cylinder-shaped lens blanks
 cylinder number *n*: the serial number of the cylindrical printing plate on a sheet of rotary-printed British stamps
 cylinder oil *n*: a heavy-grade of mineral lubricating oil; *esp* such an oil used for steam-engine cylinders and valves
 cylinder planer *n*: a wood surface planer having 1 or 2 rotating cutter cylinders and usu. from 2 to 8 feed rolls for guiding the
 cylinder press *n*: a printing press in which a rotating cylinder rolls the paper against a printing surface lying on a flat usu. horizontal reciprocating bed — compare ROTARY PRESS
 cylinder saw *n*: CROWN SAW
 cylinder scale *n*: an automatic indicating scale in which the graduations are on a rotatable cylindrical chart — called also barrel scale, drum scale
 cylinder seal *n*: a cylinder of stone or other hard material engraved in intaglio upon the curved surface and used esp. in ancient Mesopotamia to roll an identifying impression on wet clay or in sealing a jar or writing tablet
 cylindric snake *n*: any of several aquatic burrowing snakes constituting a genus (*Cylindrophis*) of the family Aniliidae
 cylind-r- or cylind-ro-comb form [NL, fr. Gk *kylindr-*, *kylin-dro-*, fr. *kylindros* — more at CYLINDER]: cylindrical: cylindric and (*cylindrathrosis*) (*cylindrocephalic*)
 cyl-in-dra-ceous 'sɪləndrəʃəs \adj [cylindr- + -aceous]: somewhat like a cylinder
 cyl-in-drar-thro-sis 'sɪləndrəθrəʊsiss, sə'lin- \n, pl cyl-indrar-thro-ses 'sɪləndrəθrəʊsiss [NL, fr. *cylindr-* + *arthrosis*]: a joint in which the articular surfaces are approximately rounded
 cyl-in-dri-cal 'sɪləndrəkəl, -rək- \or cy-lin-dric -dri-k-, -rək- \adj [cylindr- fr. F or Gk; F *cylindrique* (fr. Gk *kylindros*, fr. *kylindros* cylinder + -ikos -ic) + E -al; *cylindric* fr. F *cylindrique* or Gk *kylindrikos* — more at CYLINDER]: relating to or having the form or properties of a cylinder — *cy-lin-dri-cal-ly* 'sɪləndrəkələd-ē \n -es — *cy-lin-dri-cal-ly* 'sɪləndrəkəl(ə)lɪ, -rək-, -lɪ \adv — *cy-lin-dri-cal-ness* -kəl-nəs \n -es
 cylindrical coordinate *n, math*: any of the coordinates in space obtained by constructing in a plane a polar coordinate system and on a line perpendicular to the plane at the pole a line perpendicular system
 cylindrical epithelium *n*: COLUMNAR EPITHELIUM
 cylindrical harmonic *n*: BESSEL FUNCTION
 cylindrical projection *n*: a projection (as of a sphere or a spheroid) on the surface of a cylinder; *specif*: any of numerous map projections of the terrestrial sphere on the surface of a cylinder that is then unrolled as a plane, the parallels and meridians appearing as straight lines perpendicular to each other if the cylinder is tangent over the sphere at the equator and all parallels as well as the points of the poles if shown appearing as the same length as the equator
 cylindrical vault *n*: BARREL VAULT
 cyl-in-dric 'sɪləndrɪk, 'sɪləndrɪsəd-ē \n -es [prob. fr. F *cylindricité*, *cylindricité* *cylindric* + -ité -ity]: the quality or state of being cylindrical
 cyl-in-dritic 'sɪləndrɪt, sə'lin- \n -s [ISV *cylindric* + -ite; orig. formed as Gk *dritr*]: a mineral Pb₃Sb₂S₄ consisting of sulfur, lead, antimony, and tin and being dark gray with metallic luster
 cyl-in-dro-cap-sa 'sɪləndrəkapsə \n, cap [NL, fr. *cylindr-* + *L caps* box — more at CASE]: a genus (the type of the family *Cylindrocapsaceae*) of freshwater green algae with filaments in which the cells have stratified walls
 cyl-in-dro-cap-sa-ce-ae 'sɪləndrəkapsəd-ē \n pl, cap [NL, fr. *Cylindrocapsa* type genus + -aceae]: a family of algae (order Ulotrichales) having unbranched filaments and oogamous sexual reproduction
 cyl-in-dro-cellular 'sɪləndrəkəl \adj [cylindr- + *cellular*]: made up of cylindrical cells
 cyl-in-dro-conical ' + \adj [cylindr- + *conical*]: cylindrical with one end tapering to a point
 cyl-in-droid 'sɪləndrɔɪd, sə'lin- \n -s [cylindr- + -oid]: a cylinder with elliptic right sections
 cylindroid ' + \also cyl-in-droi-dal 'sɪləndrɔɪdəl \adj : CYLINDROACEOUS
 cyl-in-dro-lu-lus 'sɪləndrə'lʊləs \n, cap [NL, fr. *cylindr-* + *L ulus* catkin, fr. Gk *oulos* (also, downy hair, sheaf of grain): akin to Gk *oulos* curly, *elyein* to entwine, enfold — more at VOLUBLE]: a genus of millipedes of the family Julidae including a species (*C. londinensis*) sometimes reported to damage potato roots in Europe
 cyl-in-dro-spo-ri-um 'sɪləndrə'spɔriəm \n, cap [NL, fr. *cylindr-* + -spori-um]: a genus of imperfect fungi (family *Melanconiaceae*) producing hyaline filiform conidia in acervoli and including many forms that cause leaf and fruit spot diseases and some that are now known to be stages in the life cycles of other fungi — compare COCCOMYCES
 cyl-in-dro-spo-ri-um 'sɪləndrə'spɔriəm \n, cap [NL, fr. *cylindr-* + -spori-um]: a genus of imperfect fungi (family *Melanconiaceae*) producing hyaline filiform conidia in acervoli and including many forms that cause leaf and fruit spot diseases and some that are now known to be stages in the life cycles of other fungi — compare COCCOMYCES

